

# Arrow Diagramming Method (ADM) (Activity On Arrows (AOA) Method)

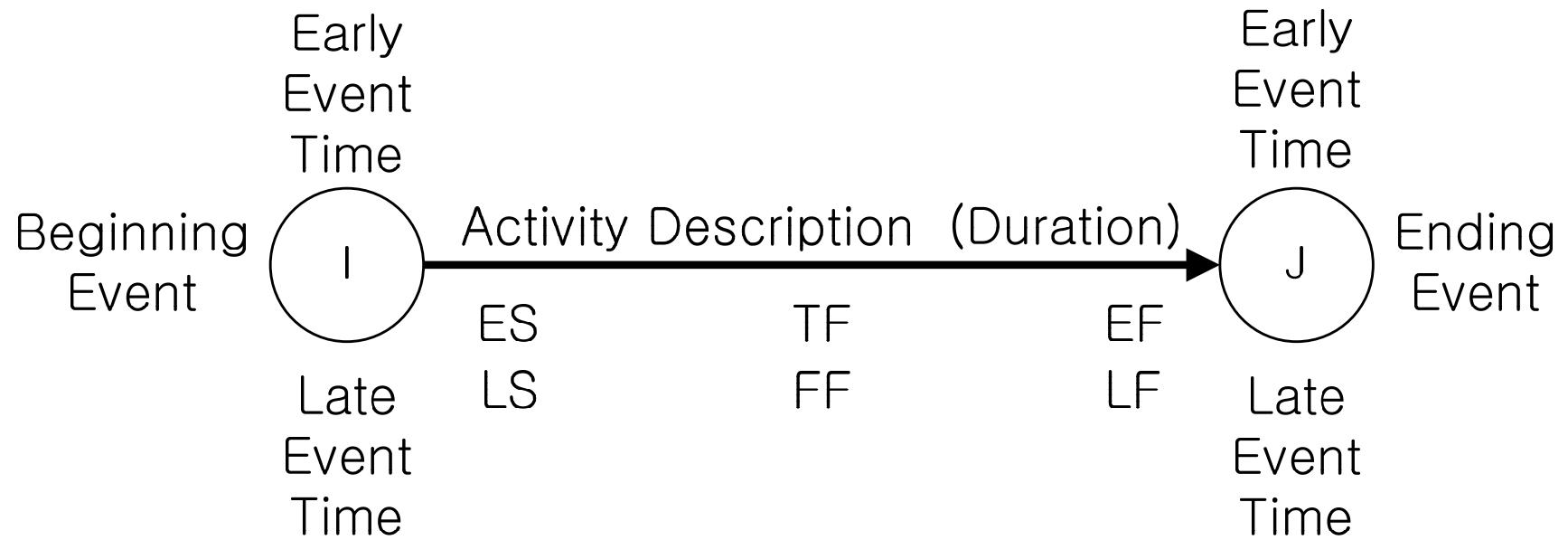
## Construction Project Management

2013. 4.9.  
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Yonsei University

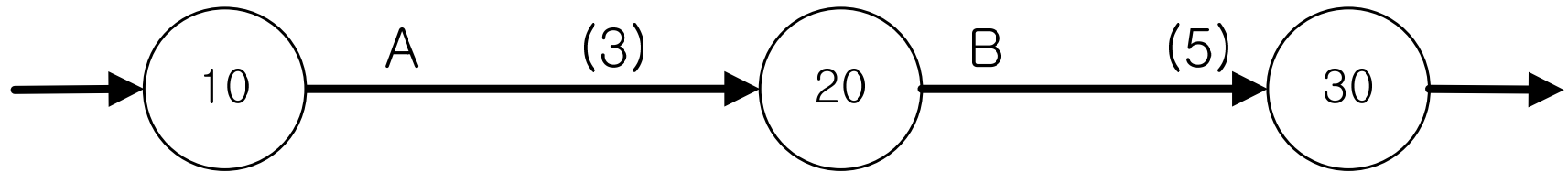
# Terminologies

- Early Start (ES)
- Late Start (LS)
- Early Finish (EF)
- Late Finish (LF)
- Event
- Early Event Time (EET)
- Late Event Time (LET)

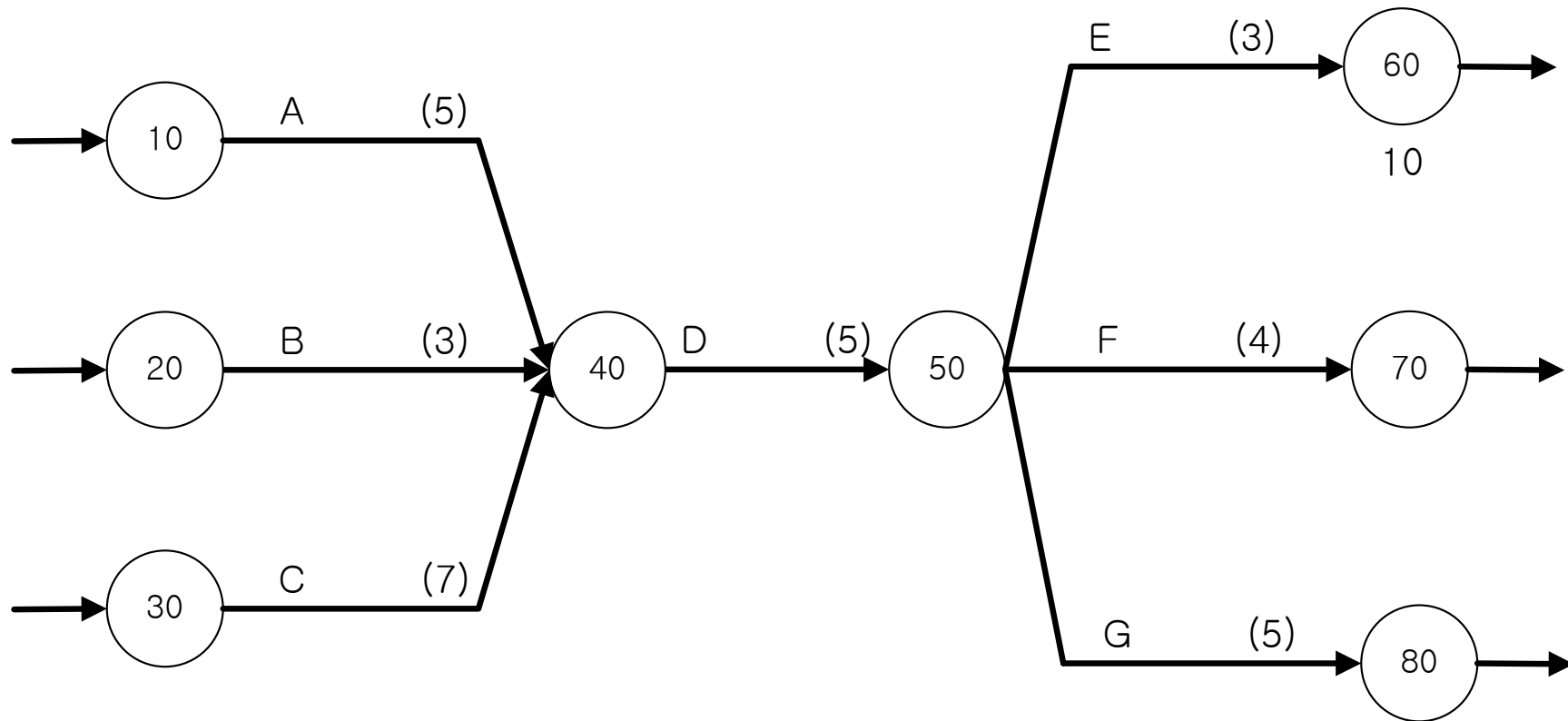
# AOA Notation



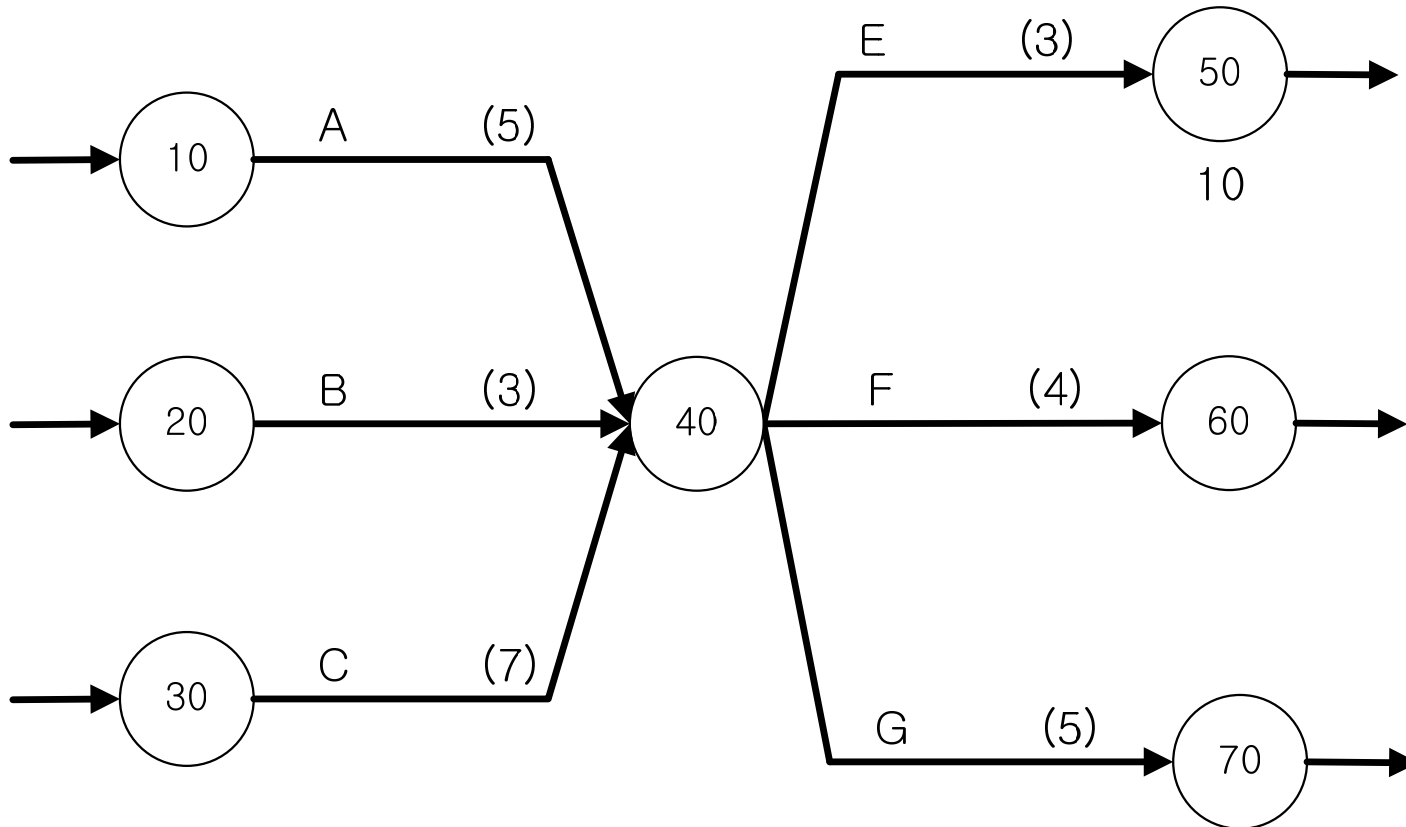
# Predecessor and Successor



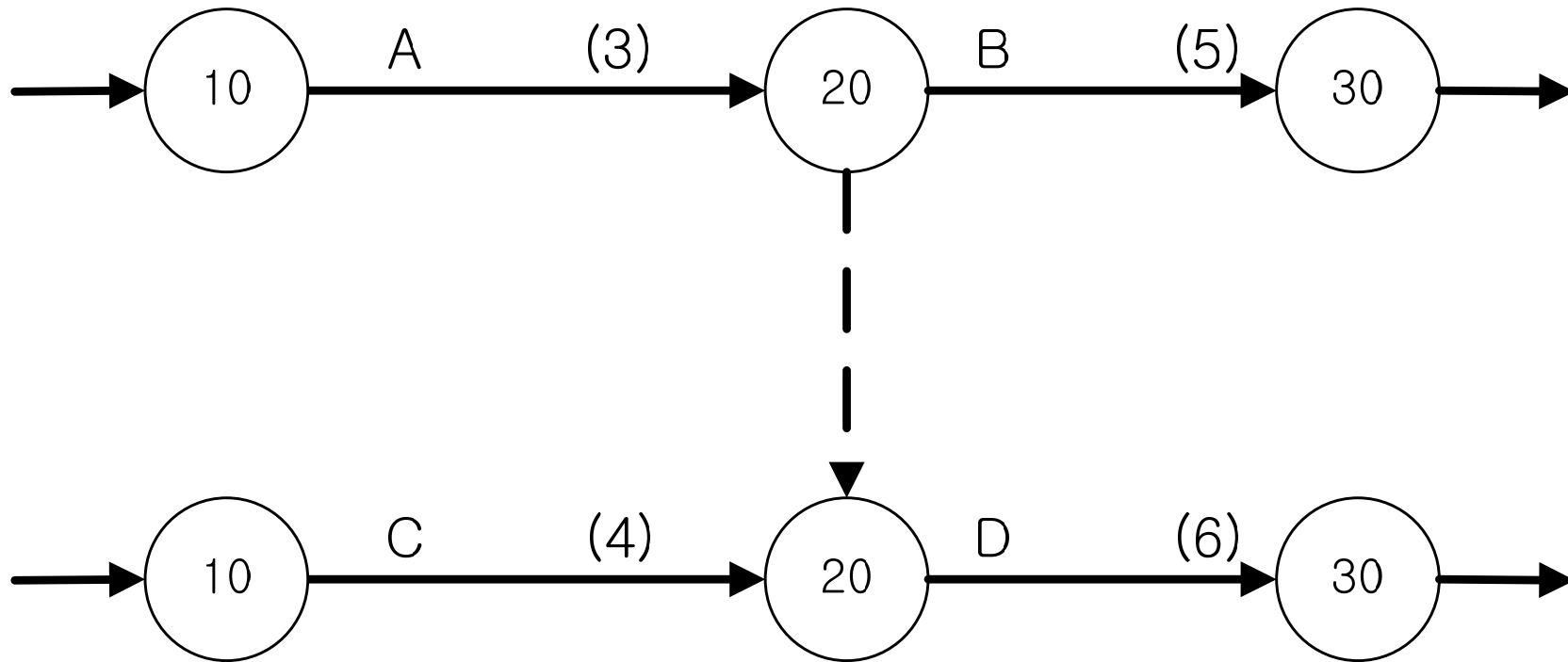
# Merge and Burst



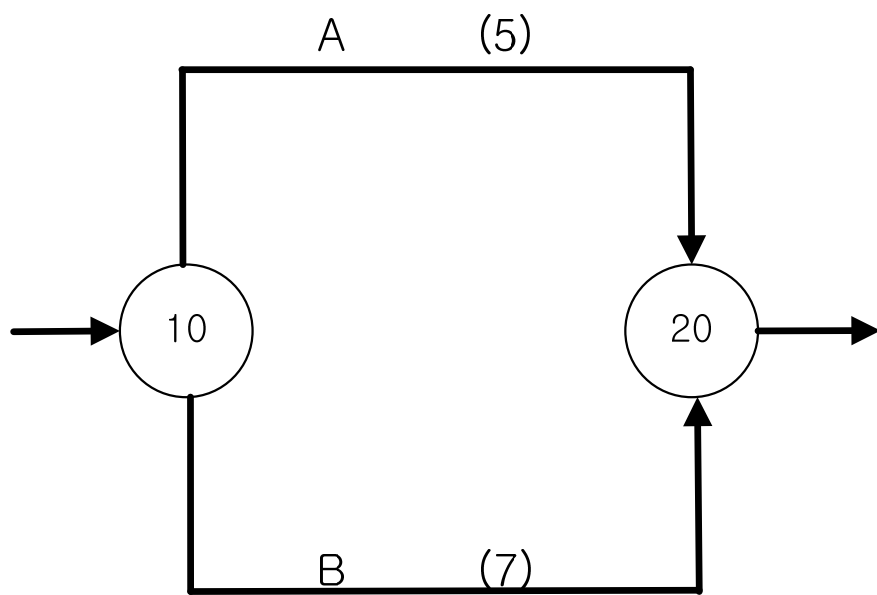
# Cross



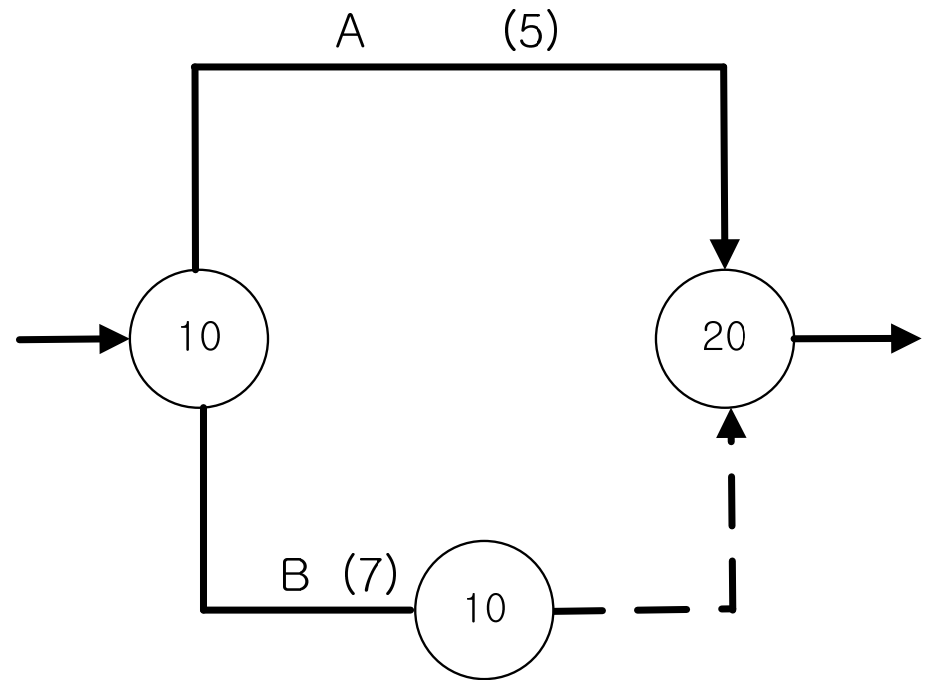
# Dummy Activities



# Need for Dummy Activities



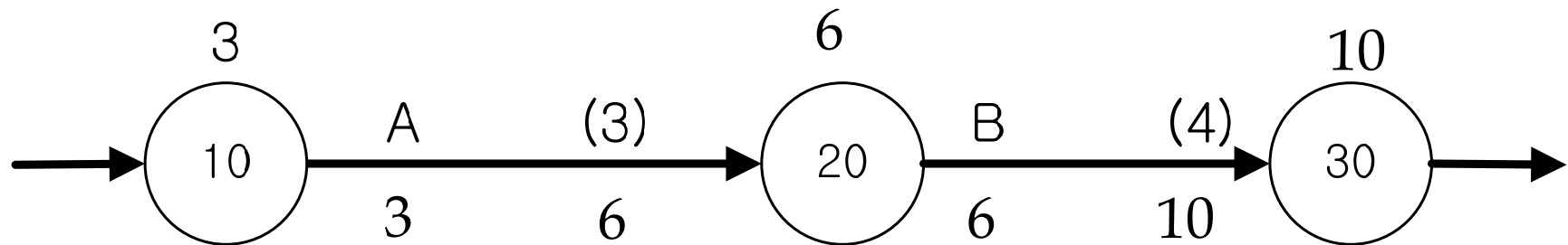
X



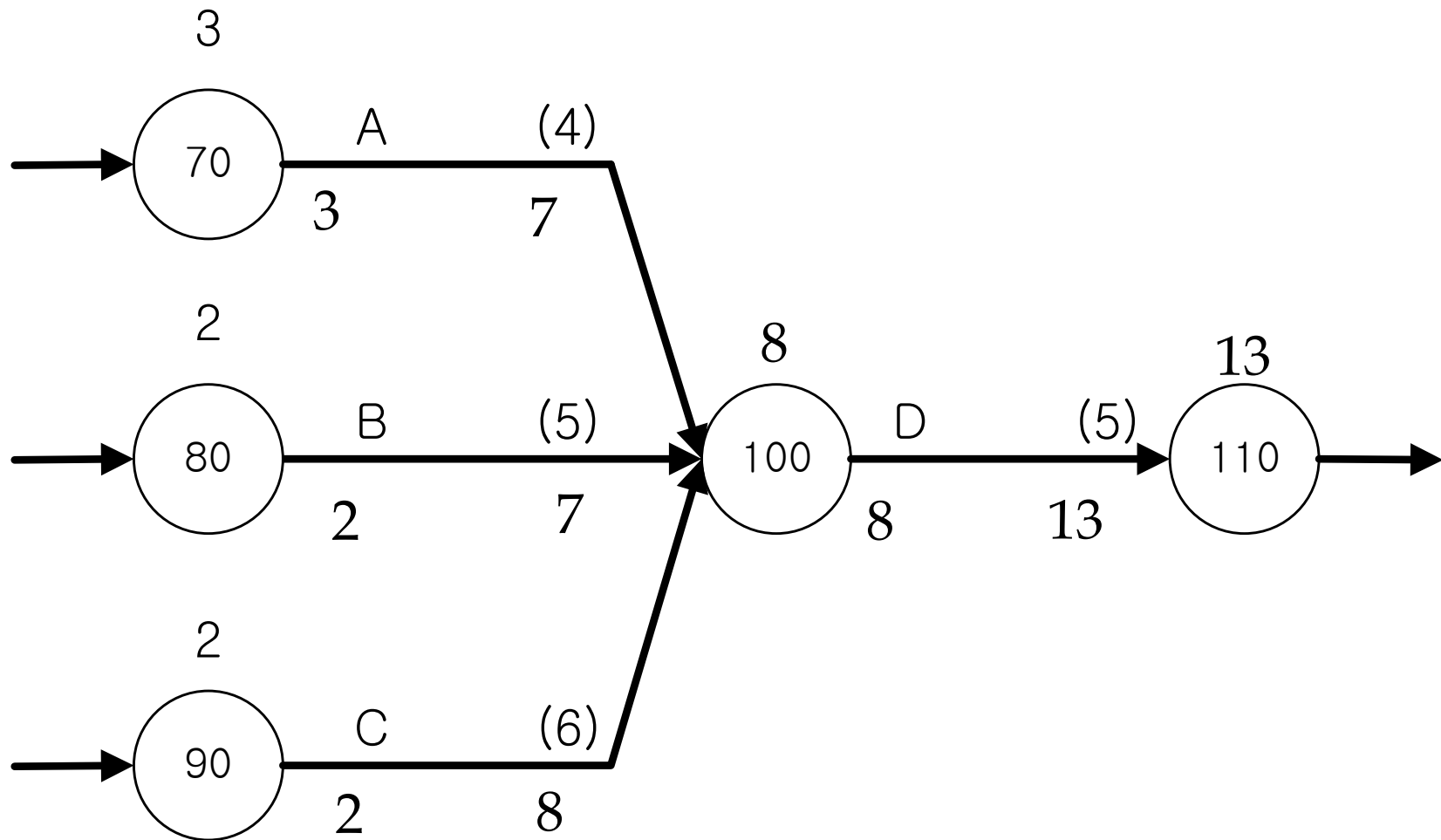
O



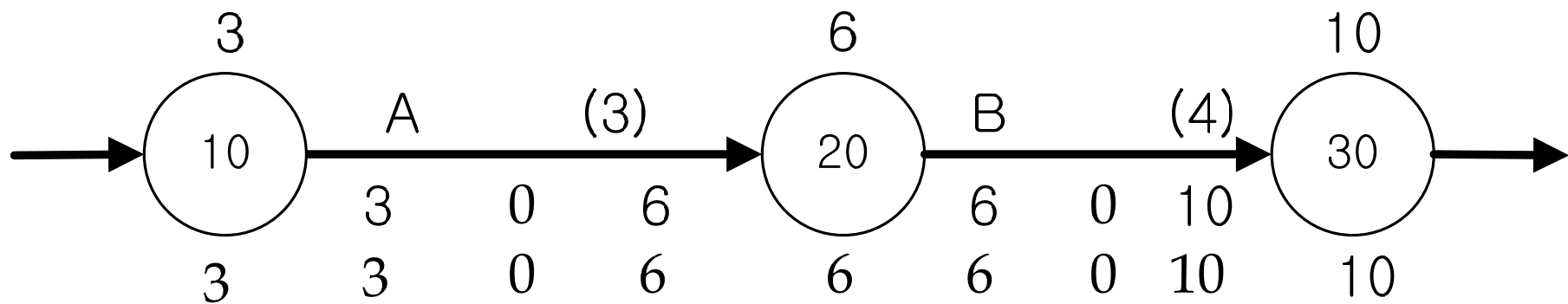
# ES, EF, and EET example



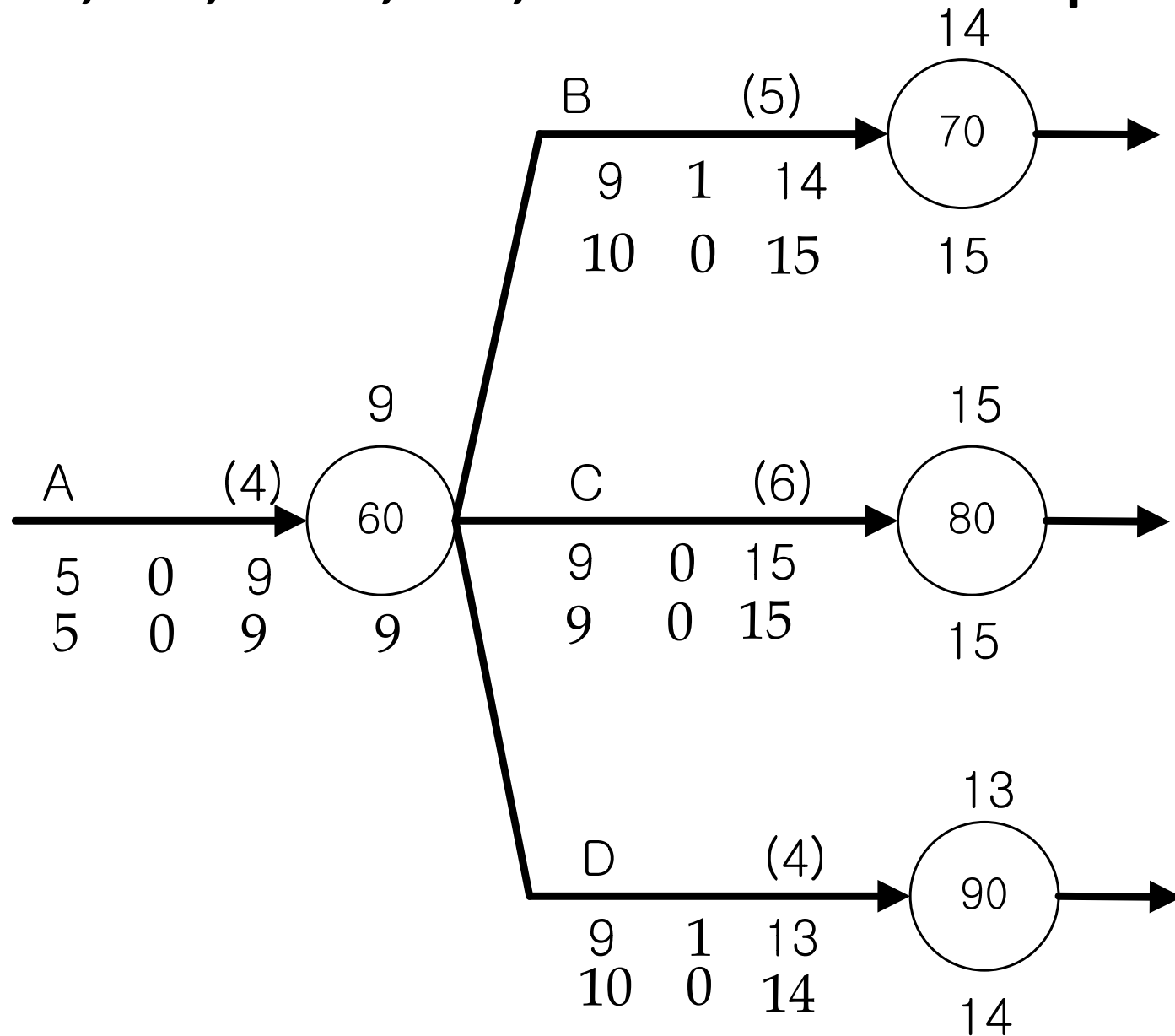
# ES, EF, and EET example



# LS, LF, LET, TF, and FF example



# LS, LF, LET, TF, and FF example



# ADM Computation Example

# PDM vs. ADM

- PDM(AON)
  - Four types of dependencies
  - No dummy activities
  - Widely used today
  - The length of arrow does not mean the duration
- ADM(AON)
  - Finish to start relationship only
  - Dummy activities
  - Widely used in the past
  - The length of arrow can mean the duration

# History of CPM

- 1956: E.I. du Pont de Nemours company started R&D group – New Mgmt. Techniques
- 1957: Kelly Walker Method (Basic CPM) – UNIVAC Application Research Center
- 1958: Great success was achieved in a test case
- 1959: CPM was presented to the public
- 1960 ~ 65: CPM caption replaced Kelley Walker (Main Chain Technique)
- 1965 ~ 70: CPM was recast into PDM
- 1970 ~ 80: This decade saw the evolution of CM and increase in construction litigation citing delay as a cause of damages
- 1980 ~ 89: CPM software development for PC systems

# Advantages and Limitations of CPM

## Advantages

- Improvement in
  - communication
  - scope definition
  - work assignment
  - documentation
  - Time-cost-resource correlation

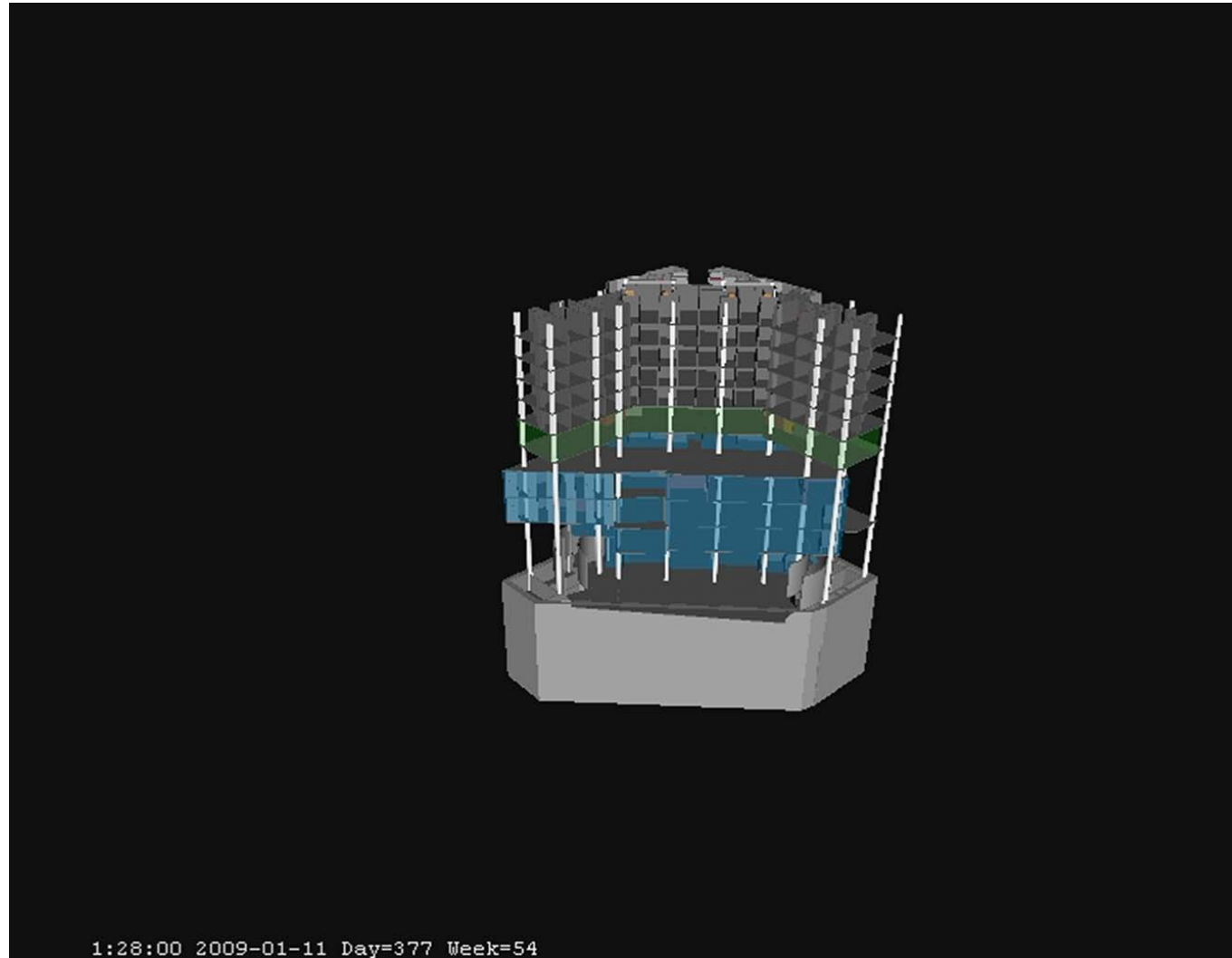
## Limitations

- Difficult to develop
- Difficult to update
- Difficult to visualize the process

Many contractors use CPM just for contractual reasons

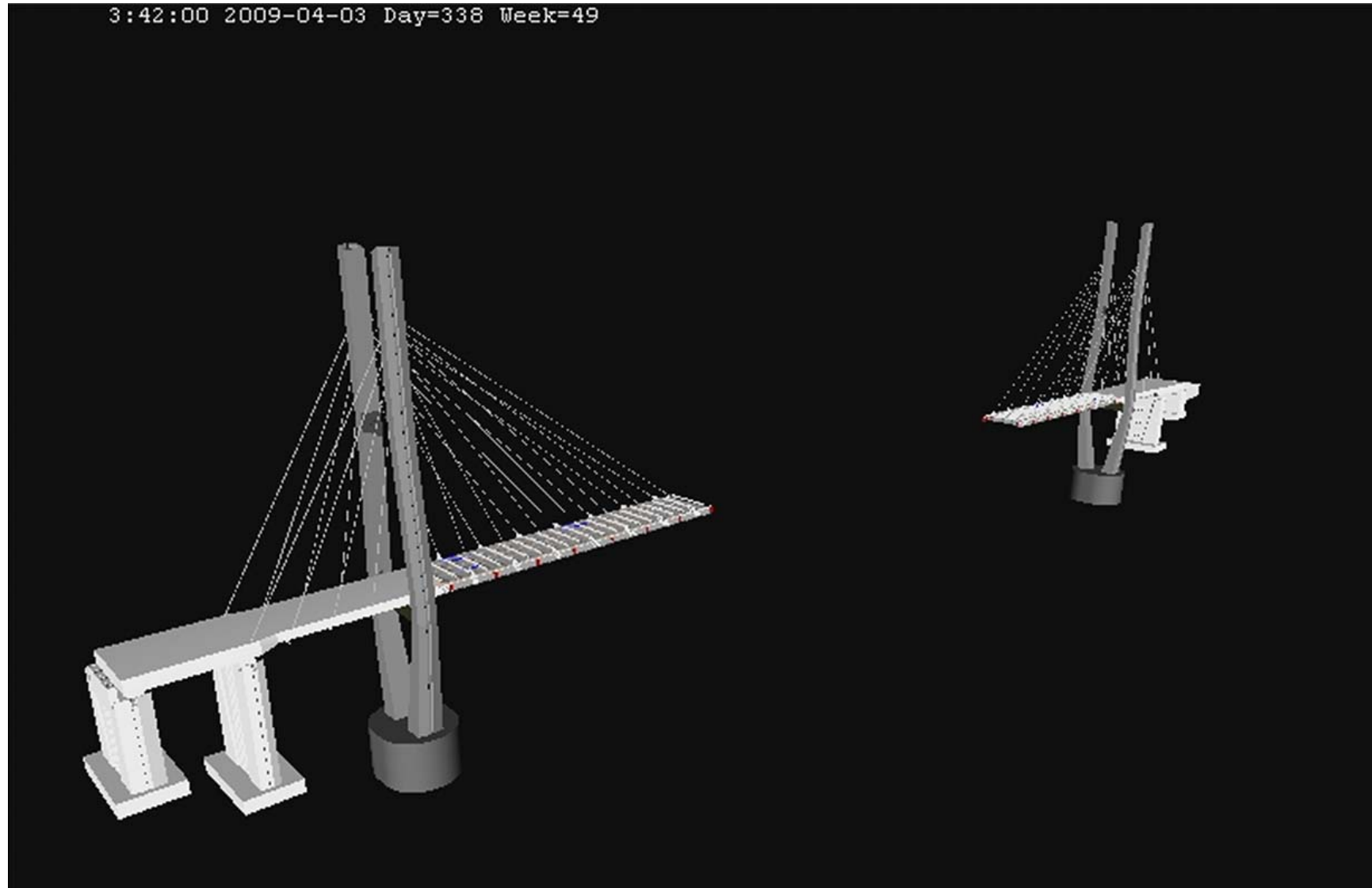


# Building Information Modeling (BIM) / 4D Visualization



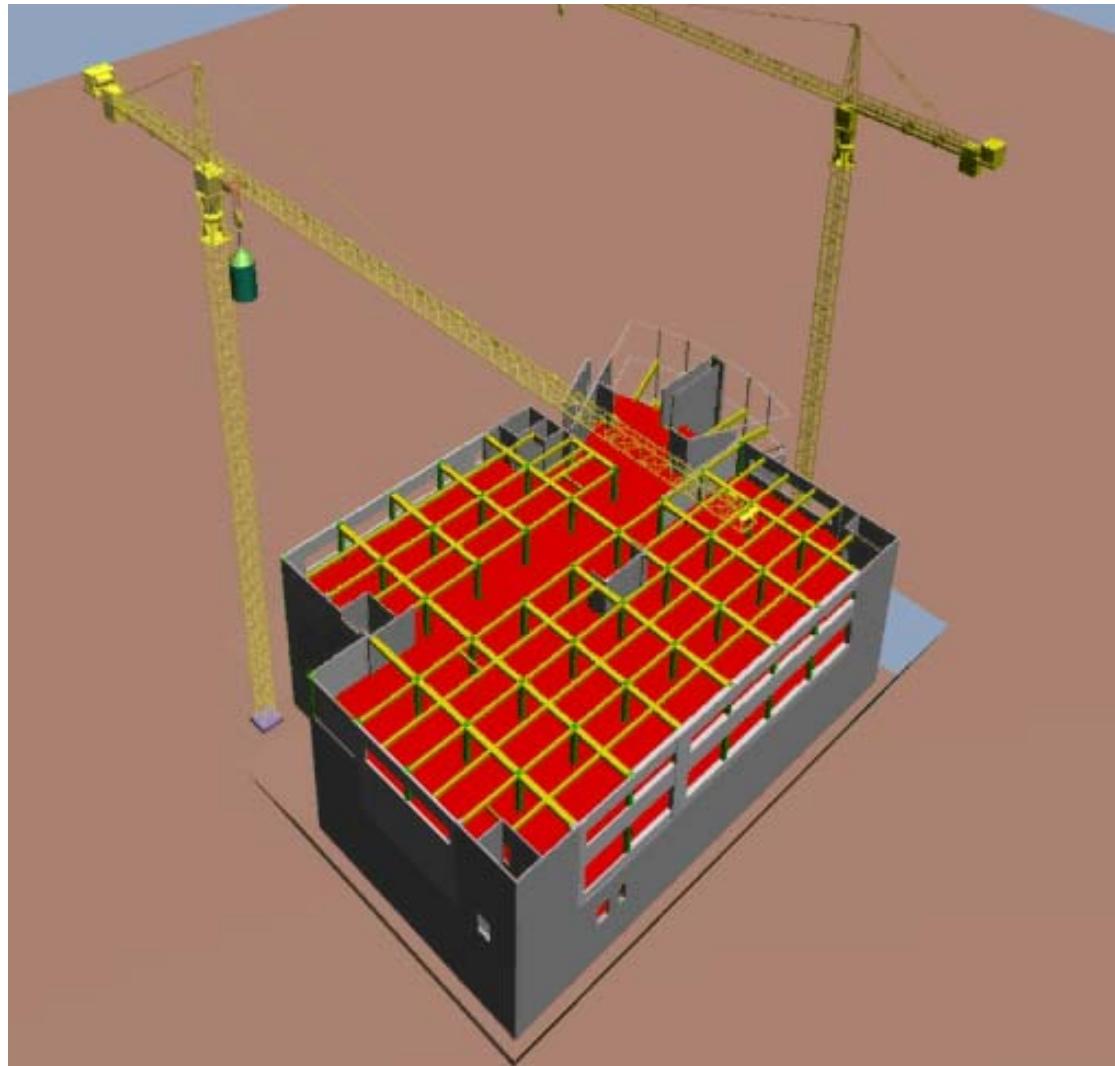
Jung Jun Park, Byungil Kim, Changyoon Kim, and Hyoungkwan Kim (2011). "3D/4D CAD Applicability for Life Cycle Facility Management" *Journal of Computing in Civil Engineering*, 25(2), 129—138.

# BIM / 4D Visualization



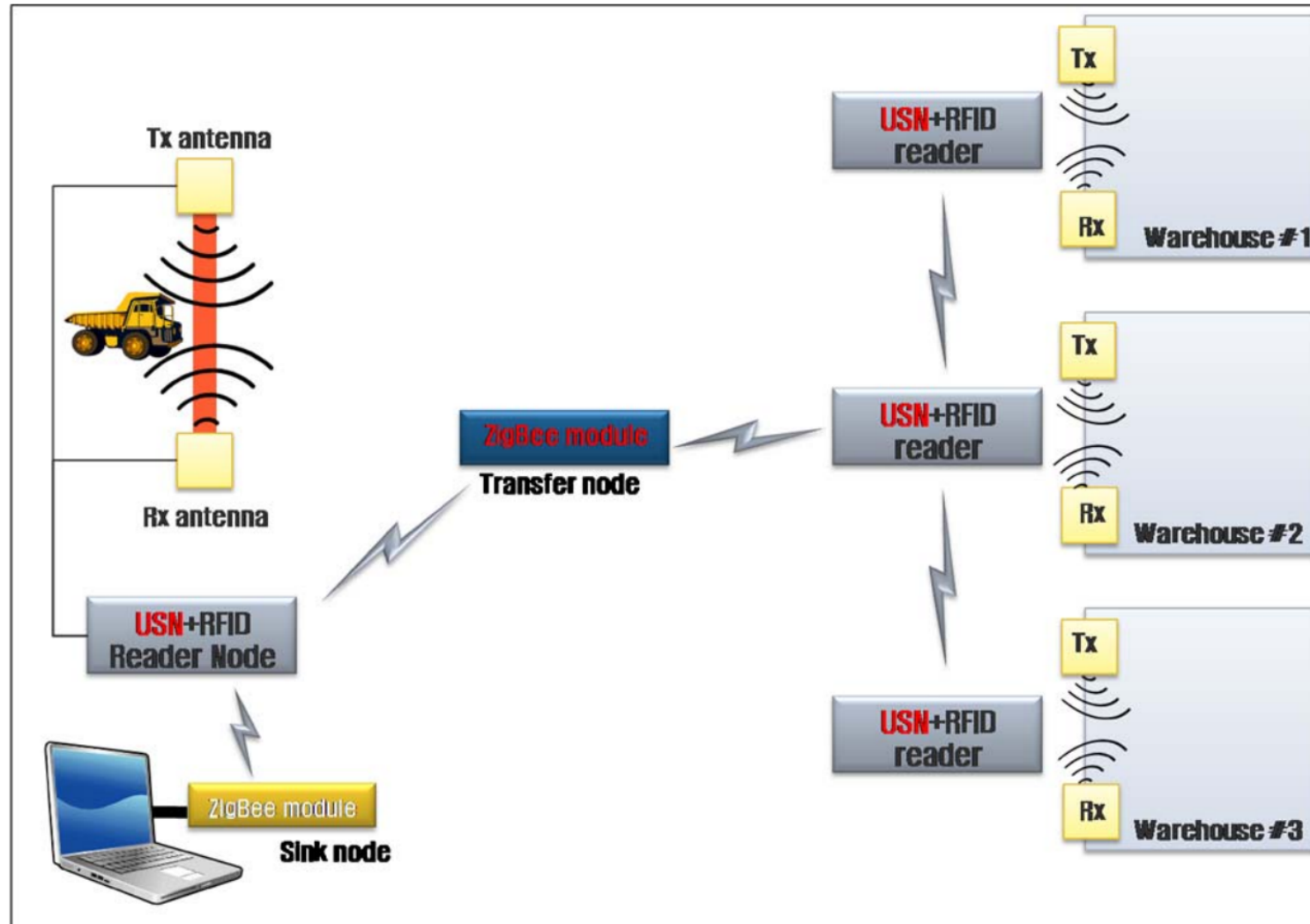
Changyoon Kim, Hyoungkwan Kim, Taekwun Park, and Moon Kyum Kim (2011). "Applicability of 4D CAD in Civil Engineering Construction: Case Study of a Cable-Stayed Bridge Project" *Journal of Computing in Civil Engineering*, 25(1), 98—107.

# Process Simulation Combined with BIM



Mohamed Al-Hussein, Muhammad Athar Niaz, Haitao Yu, and Hyoungkwan Kim (2006). "Integrating 3D Visualization and Simulation for Tower Crane Operations on Construction Sites" *Automation in Construction*, 15(5), 554—562.

# Automated Site Monitoring



Changyoon Kim, Hyoungkwan Kim, Jeoungpil Ryu, and Changwan Kim (2011). "Ubiquitous Sensor Network for Construction Material Monitoring" *Journal of Construction Engineering and Management*, 137(2), 158—165.